

Diffusion in Nanoporous Materials: from Fundamentals to Practical Issues

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„Perspectives on Diffusion in Nanoporous Materials“



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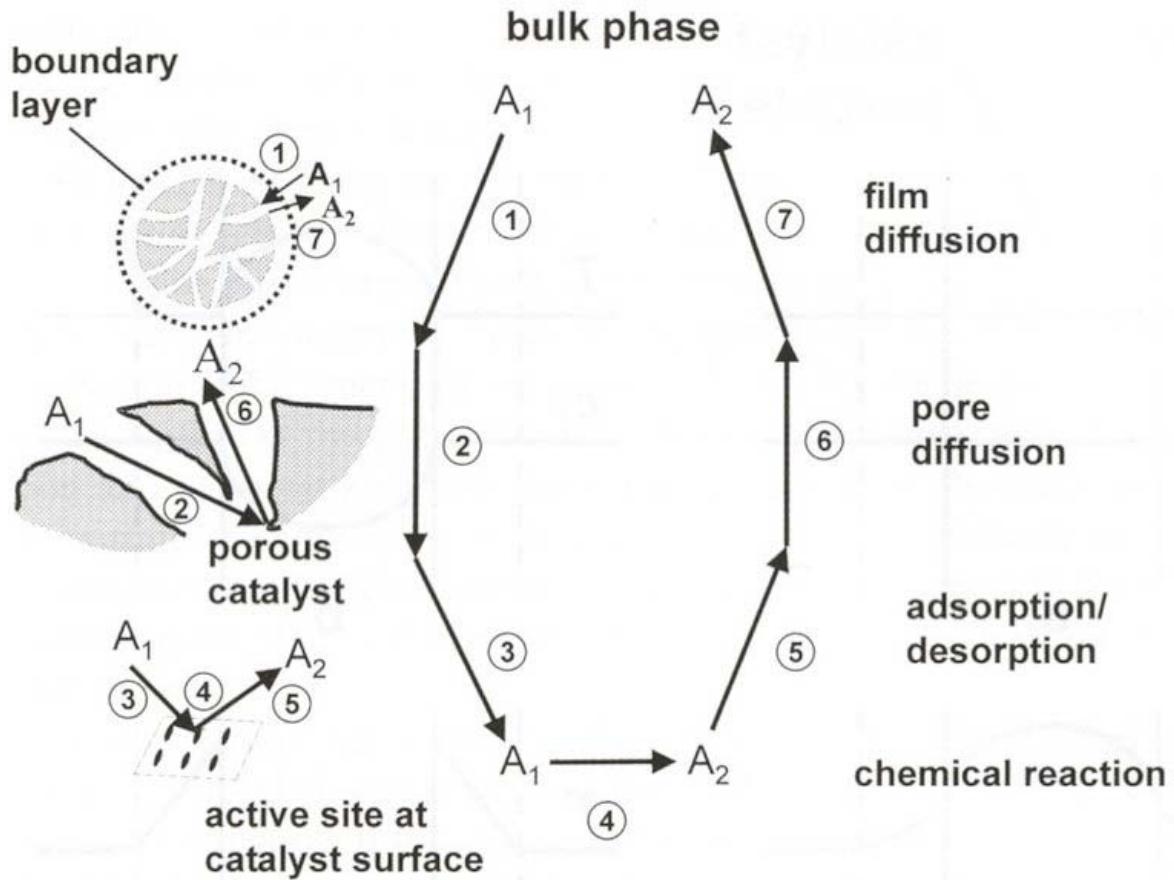
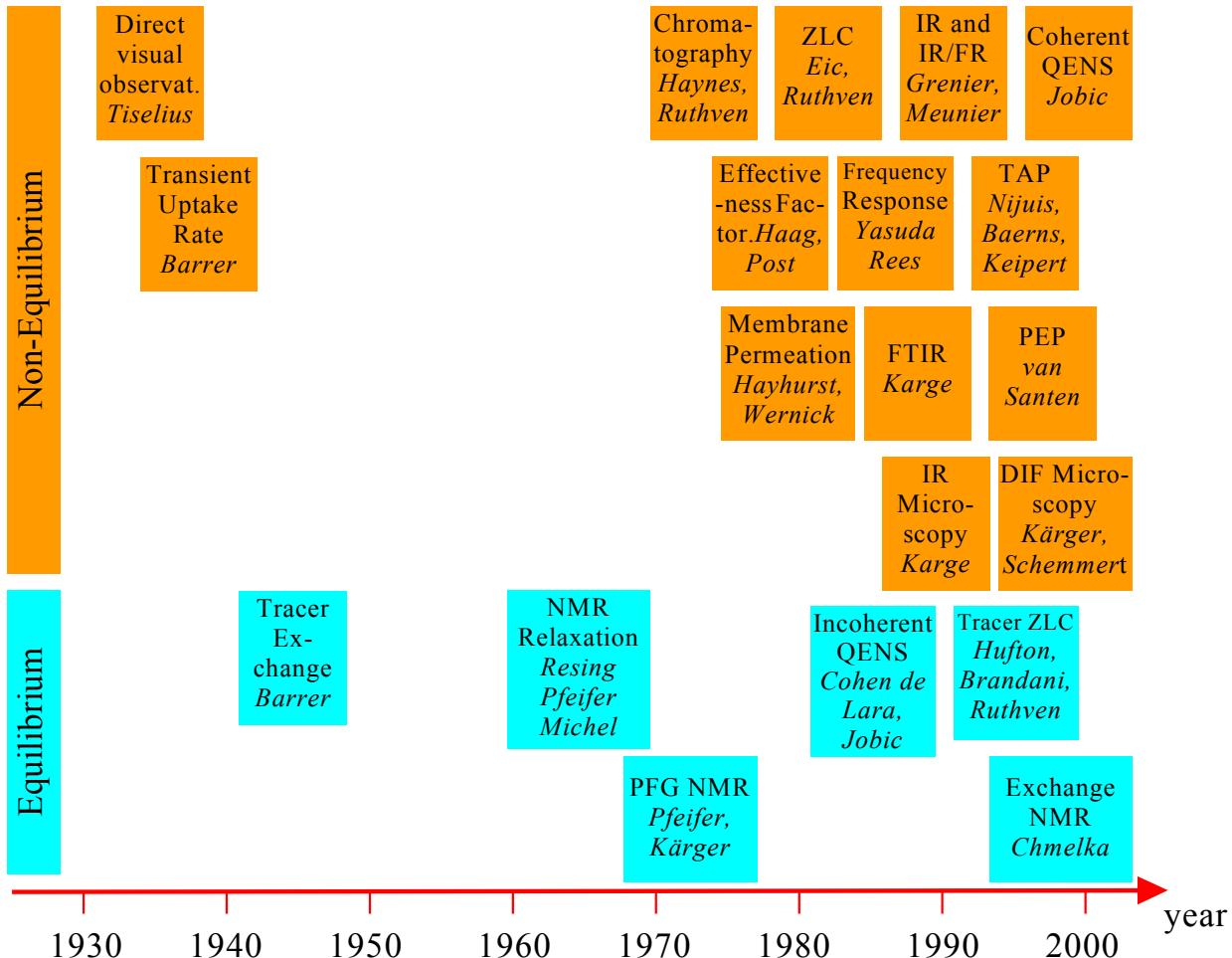
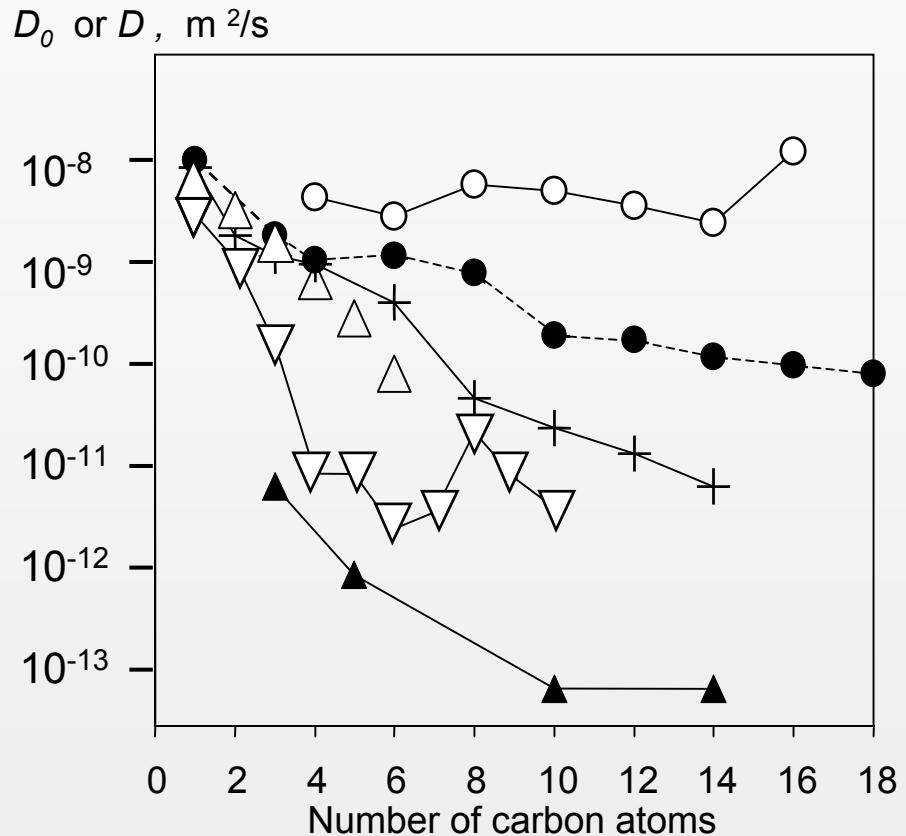


Fig. 1. Individual steps of a simple, heterogeneous catalytic fluid–solid reaction $A_1 \rightarrow A_2$ carried out on a porous catalyst.

E. Klemm, M. Köstner, G. Emig: Transport Phenomena and Reaction in Porous Media
 in: F. Schüth, K.S.W. Sing, J. Weitkamp: Handbook of Porous Solids, Wiley-VCH, 2002

Year of First Application of Diffusion Measuring Techniques





Diffusion Coefficients of n-Alkanes in Zeolite MFI at 300K (low concentrations), determined by

MD-simulation (○),
 Brownian Dynamics (●),
 QENS (+),
 Permeation (▽),
 ZLC (♦), and
 PFG NMR (Δ).

	Non-Equilibrium		Equilibrium
	transient	stationary	
macroscopic	Sorption/Desorption Frequency Response Zero Length Column <u>IR-FR</u> Positron Emission Profiling (PEP) Temporal Product Analysis (TAP) IR Spectroscopy	Membrane-Permeation Effectiveness Factor in Chemical Reactions	Tracer Sorption/Desorption <u>Tracer ZLC</u>
mesoscopic	IR Microscopy	<u>Single-Crystal-Permeation</u>	Tracer-IR-Microscopy
microscopic	Interference Microscopy		Pulsed Field Gradient NMR (PFG NMR) Stray Field Gradient NMR (SFG NMR) <u>Quasi-Elastic Neutron Scattering (QENS)</u>

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